



Estd. 1861

BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE

SECOND TERM EXAMINATION (2023-24)

CLASS – IX

HISTORY AND CIVICS

Maximum Marks: 80
hours

Time allowed: Two

- Answers to this Paper must be written on the answer sheet provided separately.
- You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.
- This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.
- The time given at the head of this Paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.
- Attempt all questions from Part I (Compulsory)
- A total of five questions are to be attempted from Part II. Two out of three questions from Section A and three out of five questions from Section B.
- The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in []

Question 1. Choose the correct option:

PART I (30 Marks)

Attempt all Questions from this part.

[16]

- i) The Medieval period in India is said to have begun in about.
 - a) Seventh century CE
 - b) Sixth century CE
 - c) Eighth century CE
 - d) Ninth century CE
- ii) The most creative period in the history of South India termed by many scholars as the Golden age of Tamil culture.
 - a) The Chola
 - b) The Pandya's
 - c) The Cheras
 - d) None of the above
- iii) The second battle of Tarain was fought in the year
 - a) 1192
 - b) 1206
 - c) 1191
 - d) 1236
- iv) The founder of Khalji Dynasty
 - a) Jalaluddin Khalji
 - b) Alaudin Khatri
 - c) Tughlaq
 - d) Ghiasudin Balban
- v) Akbar started a new religion.
 - a) Mansab
 - b) Din-i-llahi
 - c) Ain-i-Akbari
 - d) Ibadat Kahana
- vi) Bijak is a literary source that tells us a lot about the Bhakti Movement was written by
 - a) Guru Nanak
 - b) Babar
 - c) Kabir
 - d) Akbar
- vii) The society of Jesus was established
 - a) On 15th August 1534
 - b) 6th May 1542
 - c) 03rd December 1552
 - d) 7th April 1596
- viii) Bhakti means
 - a) Devotion to God
 - b) Self surrender to God
 - c) Equality of all human beings
 - d) None of the above
- ix) The method of choosing Political representatives in which the voters directly cast ballots for the person/party whom they wish to be elected.
 - a) Indirect election
 - b) Direct election
 - c) Midterm poll
 - d) By election
- X) The Article of the Indian Constitution grants to its citizens universal Adult Franchise
 - a) Article 370
 - b) Article 352
 - c) Article 326
 - d) Article 372
- xi) The Constitutional Amendment Act provided a Constitutional status to the Panchayati Raj Institutions.
 - a) 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act
 - b) 72th Constitutional Amendment Act
 - c) 52nd Constitutional Amendment Act
 - d) 53rd Constitutional Amendment Act
- xii) The country which has a three-tier Panchayati raj system
 - a) Nepal
 - b) India
 - c) Pakistan
 - d) China
- xiii) The minimum number of members of a group or organization required to be present where decisions can be made
 - a) Quorum
 - b) By election
 - c) Midterm election
 - d) Election
- xiv) The _____ Brihadeswara temple a world Heritage site in 1987
 - a) WHO
 - b) UNESCO
 - c) UNO
 - d) ILO
- xv) The most important literary source related to the Chola Empire
 - a) Kalingattu Parani
 - b) Gangai Konda
 - c) Vimana
 - d) Shikara
- xvi) The real founder of the Muslim Empire in India was
 - a) Qutub-ud-din Aibak
 - b) Muhammad Ghori
 - c) Tughlaq
 - d) Iltutmish

Python
Robotics & AI



JAVA
Comp. Applications



Experts' Institute
8-D, Kutchery Road, Ph:9415368884

EXPERTS'
INSTITUTE

Question 2:

- i) What does Vimana and Shikhara means? [2]
- ii) Who were the Yuvaraja's? [2]
- iii) Who was Gangai Konda Chola? Which city did he build? [2]
- iv) Why did Muhammad Ghori invade India? [2]
- v) What was the Din-i-Ilahi? [2]
- vi) Name two Sufi Saints of India? [2]
- vii) What is Nyaya Panchayat? State one of its functions? [2]

PART II (50 Marks)
SECTION A (CIVICS)

(Attempt any two questions from this Section)

Question 3: With reference to Elections in India, Explain the following.

- i) Direct Elections. [3]
- ii) Indirect Elections [3]
- iii) Three types of Elections in India. [4]

Question 4: The immediate body at the Block level in Rural Self Government in Panchayat Samiti.

In this context answer the following.

- i) State the Composition of the Panchayat Samiti. [3]
- ii) State the functions of the Samiti. [3]
- iii) What is the significance of self-government institutions in rural areas. [4]

Question 5: With reference to Elections in a Democracy (India) Explain the following.

- i) The composition of Election Commission. [3]
- ii) Who is the head of the Election Commission, and How are the members appointed? [3]
- iii) Explain any two functions of the Election Commission. [4]

SECTION B (HISTORY)

(Attempt any 3 questions from this Section)

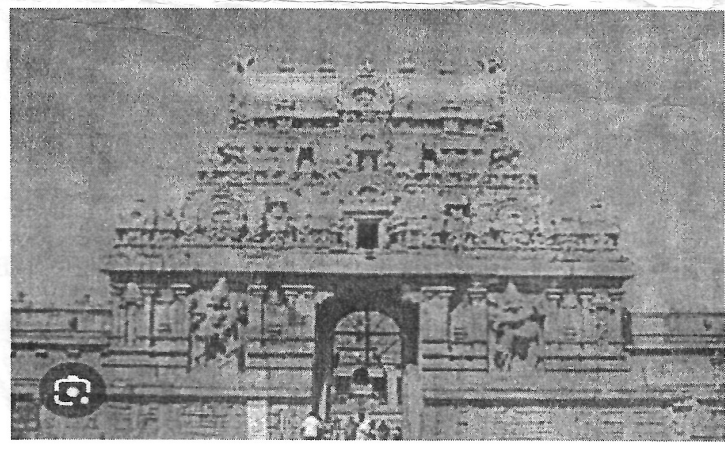
Question 6: With reference to Medieval India: The Cholas

- i) Explain the Conquests of Raja raja I [3]
- ii) What do the Inscriptions reflect about the Cholas Administration.? [3]
- iii) Explain the Revenue system during the Chola period. [4]

Question 7: With reference to the Delhi Sultanate Period Explain the following.

- i) What was token currency under Mohammad bin Tughlaq? [3]
- ii) What were the measures taken by Alauddin Khalji to regulate the market prices. [3]
- iii) Write short note on Iltumish. [4]

Question 8: Look at the picture given below and answer the following questions:



- i) Which temple is it and where is it located? [3]
- ii) Who built this temple? Which deity is it dedicated to? [3]
- iii) Explain any four features of this temple. [4]

Question 9: With reference to the Mughal Empire, Answer the following questions:

- i) Explain the Mansabdari system. [3]
- ii) Explain the religious policies followed by Akbar towards the Rajput's. [3]
- iii) Write a short note on Ain-i-Akbari. [4]

Question 10: With reference to the Bhakti Movement Sufism and Christianity, Answer the following questions.

- i) Mention the teachings of Kabir as mentioned in the Bijak. [3]
- ii) State the significance of Sufism in Indian society. [3]
- iii) State any two contributions of St. Francis Xavier in the advancement of Christianity in India. [4]

